

# THE IMPACT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

**Domestic violence** is a pattern of coercive control where one partner uses their power to control the other partner. Domestic violence can take many forms, including physical, sexual, emotional, and financial abuse. [DOJ, 2012]

## Prevalence



**1 IN 4 WOMEN & 1 IN 7 MEN**

Have experienced domestic violence in their lifetime

**THEREFORE**

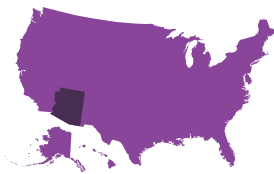
804,048 women & 453,689 men in Arizona will experience domestic violence in their lifetime [CDC, 2010]

Native American women experience domestic violence at rates **50% higher** than other groups [DOJ, 2004]

## Lethality

In 2015 at least 107 people were killed in domestic violence related homicides

in Arizona. [ACESDV, 2015]



## Economic impact

The costs of intimate partner rape, physical assault, and stalking each year

**\$8.3 BILLION**  
[CDC, 2003]

In one 24-hour period in 2015, 37 programs in Arizona served 1,652 victims of domestic violence. 1,106 of those victims were served in shelter or transitional housing programs; 546 received non-residential assistance and services, including counseling, legal services, or children's groups. [NNEDV, 2015]

**Physical abuse** includes but is not limited to, hitting, slapping, shoving, biting.

**Sexual abuse** is described as coercing or attempting to coerce sexual contact without consent.

**Emotional abuse** is an attempt to undermine an individual's self worth or self esteem. This includes but is not limited to psychological forms of abuse such as fear, intimidation and threats of violence.

**Financial abuse** includes using financial tools and money to maintain control.

In Arizona, housing continues to be the most urgent need of survivors, with 223 requests for housing services unmet on a single day in 2015. The top unmet requests for nonresidential services included housing, legal representation and financial assistance. [NNEDV, 2015]