

THE IMPACT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Domestic violence is a pattern of coercive control where one partner uses their power to control the other partner. Domestic violence can take many forms, including physical, sexual, emotional, and financial abuse. [DOJ, 2012]

Prevalence



1 IN 4 WOMEN & 1 IN 7 MEN

Have experienced domestic violence in their lifetime

THEREFORE

804,048 women & 453,689 men in Arizona will experience domestic violence in their lifetime [CDC, 2010]

In one 24-hour period in 2013, 35 programs in Arizona served 1,796 victims of domestic violence. 1,181 of those victims were served in shelter or transitional housing programs; 615 received non-residential assistance and services, including counseling, legal services, or children's groups. [NNEDV, 2013]

Physical abuse includes but is not limited to, hitting, slapping, shoving, biting.

Sexual abuse is described as coercing or attempting to coerce sexual contact without consent.

Emotional abuse is an attempt to undermine an individual's self worth or self esteem. This includes but is not limited to psychological forms of abuse such as fear, intimidation and threats of violence.

Financial abuse includes using financial tools and money to maintain control.

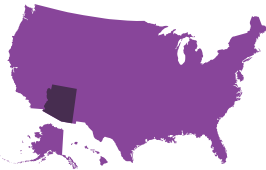
Demographics

Native American women experience domestic violence at rates 50% higher than other groups [DOJ, 2004]



Lethality

In 2013 at least 125 people were killed in domestic violence related homicides in Arizona [ACESDV, 2013]



Economic impact

The costs of intimate partner rape, physical assault, and stalking each year

\$8.3 BILLION
[CDC, 2003]

In Arizona, housing continues to be the most urgent need of survivors, with 143 requests for housing services unmet on a single day in 2013. The the top unmet requests for non-residential services included housing, legal representation and financial assistance. [NNEDV, 2013]